	"We strive to create an environment which promotes a thirst for learning and gives everyone the best chance of success within a caring Christian ethos"					
Our Learning Challenge		ng Challenge	How can we help save our world by looking after our rainforests?			
Year	5	Term	Spring	Our Vision and values	I will be proud of all that I do an treat others with kindness I will respect and value myself and others no matter what we believe, how we look or where we live will be responsible for the way I behave I will be the best that I can be I will embrace new challenges and learning opportunities I will reflect on my learning and listen to advice from others about how to improve I will have fun, enjoy learning new things at school and have the courage to make mistakes I will think about my own faith and what difference it an make to me and how I live	
•	ful Learning tcome	an cult Choca Chil perfo interp musica own p serve f stall. Ca	unication campaign and fundraising minating in Hot olate/Fair Trade Stalls dren produce a ormance involving oretive dance and ally perform their production - then food and drink at a ould sell tickets to e money as well.	British Values	Democracy: we aim to promote this British value by demonstrating how democracy works by discussion, decision making and voting. For example: • Encouraging children to make decisions together. • Providing opportunities for children to vote between choices of activity. • Providing the opportunity for children to vote for Buddies, School Council, Collective Worship Council and subject leaders Individual liberty: we aim to promote this British value by promoting individual freedoms to choose faiths, beliefs and likes/dislikes. For example: • Providing opportunities for children to share achievements and successes, to promote independence and develop self-esteem. • Encouraging children to develop a positive sense of themselves. • Provide activities for all children to engage in and actively challenge gender specific tasks and activities. Rule of law: we aim to promote this British value by demonstrating a need for rules and laws which help to keep us safe and happy For example: • By working together to create group rules. • By understanding their own and others' behaviour and feelings and the consequence of these. • Encouraging and supporting children to learn how to distinguish right from wrong. Mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs: we aim to promote this British value by treating others how we would like to be treated ourselves regardless of their differences • Encouraging children to learn about the world around them - both locally and further afield. • Encouraging children to learn about other faiths, cultures, traditions, families, communities and ways of life,	

	Community Links				
Starting Stimulus	Visitors and Visits Creative Experiences		SMSC Including PSHE and Safeguarding		
Advert/you tube clip from endangered animal/person who has lost their habitat Animal Man or environmentalist to visit school	Dudley Zoo visit Fark to form workshop in school and visit to store (Tesco) - Sustainability focus Design ad 3D rainforest model showing layers and wild life Invite an environmentalist/ group/ society/ charity into school to talk Set up a Fairtrade stall for a week (inc for parents) Investigate 'dangerous bugs' - e.g. the most lethal sting/ size, poison - group presentations using a choice of format, inc IT, models, oral I'm a Celebrity Get Me Out of Here challenge Make ice cream Make a hot drink Build a bridge - team building day - parents in Build a model bigger than you Win a debate Design a webpage Read music Write a song	can reflect Outcome - F Healthy Me Describe th can develop value my boo	the dreams and goals of a young person in a culture different from mine and on how these relate to my own Rainforest dream tree and fundraising event the different roles food can play in people's lives and can explain how people eating problems (disorders) relating to body image pressures I respect and		
Steps to Achieving Learning Challenge					
Sub question	Subject Focus (from mapping)		Content / Activities		
What is a rainforest and where in the world is the Amazon?	Geography - Locate, similarities and differences, Physical geography including climate zones, rivers, mountains.		English - Non chronological report (Dudley Zoo guide with conservation) - rainforest, animals		

What do we feel is special about the Amazon? Why is it protected?	Temperature - influence on place and people Atlas Compare maps with physical photos Computing - Validity of information and evaluating websites Geography - contrasting environments, endangered species, fair trade Art and Design - Displaying 'Special' through art - Animal art drawing and painting from observation (zoo) - animal masks, traditional printing, mask marking, textiles for costumes PREP FOR SALE - labels and explanations - link to English Computing - Use of text and word processing (Labels, explanations etc) Music - Jungle Book music for end of campaign performance	Geography - locating rainforest, what, where, what we can tell from its geography/photos Computing - validity of information English - Jungle book classical texts - giving the animals a voice to humanise them (link with persuasion) Music - linked to Jungle book text - animals character and a voice to humanise Geography - identify special Art - showcase special Computing - to accompany art
How are Britain and the Amazon linked? What does The Amazon do for the rest of the world? (Energy, food, stuff)	Design and Technology - Learn about the major components of a balanced diet and how ingredients can be designed to create healthy meals Ideas: food from rainforest, using produce to cook healthy meals - part of campaign - concepts of Fair Trade Music - Jungle Book music for end of campaign performance P.E - Perform dances using a range of movement patterns that are expressive, Create original pieces using own ideas, Compare performances to previous ones to achieve their personal best	English - Jungle book classical texts - giving the animals a voice to humanise them (link with persuasion - adventure and mystery story) Music - jungle book linked to campaigning showcase PE - Dance performance linked to campaigning showcase Sky campaign - Design and technology - food Geography - economic activity - The Body Shop - Fair Trade
What is happening to the Amazon now and should it continue?	Geography - Census - pilot, evaluate, human geography (tribes, economic activity/trade)	English - Argument, persuasion and debate Geography - census - What do you know - should we help? Data (maths link)
How can we communicate this and raise awareness of the Amazon's plight?	Computing - Digital photos - trip - link to	English - Campaign - advertising, leaflet, letters, using the non- chronological report to persuade Getting ready for our campaigning showcase

English - compaign		Campaigning – multimedia approach CAMPAIGN for fairtrade Music – performance of Jungle book and traditional songs P.E – Perform dances English – Persuasive speech with multimedia presentation, incorporate and share stories	Steps 1. Invitations/letters to personally invite 2. Multimedia Introduction with speech 3. Persuasive campaigns - e.g. letters from animals - linked to multimedia presentation 4. Song, Music and Dance weaved into own Jungle book adventure story 5. Leaflets of how to help today 6. Produce to buy /share - e.g. food, paintings, books Leaflets for beyond today
English - campaign			7. Pupil and parent responses
How can we help? Outcome - fundraising English - Review - impact, responses and next steps	How can we help?	English - campaign Outcome - fundraising	English - Review - impact, responses and next steps

				7. Pupil and parent re	spons	es
How can we help?		English - campaign Outcome - fundraising		English - Review - impact, responses and next steps		
		Relationship to C	ore Subjects			
English Skills			Maths Skills			Science Skills
To read words accurately	To write wit	h purpose	Number: Fractions		Livir i.	ng things and their habitats Describe the differences in the life cycles of
• Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes.	· Identify th	e audience for writing.	Compare and order fractions whose d multiples of the same number. Identify, name and write equivalent f		ii.	a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals
 Read age-appropriate books with confidence and fluency (including whole novels). 		appropriate form of writing using the main ntified in reading.	fraction, represented visually includir hundredths. Recognise mixed numbers and improp	ng tenths and	Anir i	nals (including humans) Describe the changes as humans develop to
(Note: this should be through normal reading rather than direct teaching.)	· Note, devel	op and research ideas.	convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for		old age	
direct teaching.)	· Plan, draft,	write, edit and improve.	example + = = 1] Add and subtract fractions with the and denominators that are multiples of Multiply proper fractions and mixed r	of the same number.	Wor i.	rking Scientifically (UKS2) Planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where
To understand texts	To use imagi	native description	numbers, supported by materials and Read and write decimal numbers as fr	,	ii.	necessary Taking measurements, using a range of
• Recommend books to peers, giving reasons for choices.		chniques that authors use to cters, settings and plots.	example 0.71 =] Solve problems involving multiplication including scaling by simple fractions a	n and division,		scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate
• Identify and discuss themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing.		d images by using alliteration, phors and personification.	involving simple rates. Number: Decimals		iii. iv.	Recording results using scientific diagrams and labels Using test results to make predictions to set
		descriptions of characters, settings and	Read, write, order and compare numb	ers with up to three	v.	up further comparative and fair tests Reporting and presenting findings from

- · Make comparisons within and across books.
- · Learn a wide range of poetry by heart.
- Prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience.
- Check that the book makes sense, discussing understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context.
- · Ask questions to improve understanding.
- Draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Predict what might happen from details stated and implied.
- ${}^{\bullet}$ Summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas.
- Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.
- Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader.
- \cdot Retrieve and record information from non-fiction.

atmosphere with dialogue.

To organise writing appropriately

- Guide the reader by using a range of organisational devices, including a range of connectives.
- \cdot Choose effective grammar and punctuation.
- Ensure correct use of tenses throughout a piece of writina.

To use paragraphs

- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Write paragraphs that give the reader a sense of clarity.
- · Write paragraphs that make sense if read alone.
- · Write cohesively at length.

To use sentences appropriately

- · Write sentences that include:
 - · relative clauses
 - · modal verbs

decimal places.

Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents.

Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place.

Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places.

Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000.

Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling.

Number: Percentages

Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal.

Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of , , , , and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.

Time at the beginning or end of the term for consolidation, gap filling, seasonal activities, assessments, etc

enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations Identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments

 Participate in discussion about books, taking turns and listening and responding to what others say. 	· relative pronouns		
	· brackets		
· Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion.	, name with a gir		
Provide reasoned justifications for views.	• parenthesis		
	· a mixture of active and passive voice		
	· a clear subject and object		
	· hyphens, colons and semi colons		
	· bullet points.		
	To present neatly • Write fluently and legibly with a personal style.		
	To spell correctly		
	• Use prefixes appropriately.		
	Spell some words with silent letters (knight, psalm and solemn).		
	• Distinguish between homophones and other words that are often confused.		
	Use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that some words need to be learned specifically.		
	Use dictionaries to check spelling and meaning of words.		
	1	1	

 Use the first three or four letters of a word to look up the meaning or spelling of words in a dictionary. Use a thesaurus. 	1
• Use a thesaurus.	
• Spell the vast majority of words correctly.	
To punctuate accurately	
Develop understanding of writing concepts by:	
• Recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms.	
• Using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence.	
• Using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause.	
Using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely.	
Using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility.	
• Using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun.	
• Indicate grammatical and other features by:	

 Using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing. 	
• Using hyphens to avoid ambiguity.	
 Using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis. 	
Using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses.	
· Using a colon to introduce a list.	
Punctuating bullet points consistently.	
To understand writing	
Use and understand grammatical terminology when discussing writing and reading:	
Year 5	
 relative clause, modal verb, relative pronoun, parenthesis, bracket, dash, determiner, cohesion, ambiguity. 	
Year 6	
 active and passive voice, subject and object, hyphen, synonym, colon, semi-colon, bullet points. 	

To present writing • Perform composition volume.	s, using appropriate intonation and		
Key Text Fiction R Kipling - The Jungle Book (inc film) M Murpurgo - Running Wild L Cherry - The Kapok Tree Q Blake - The Green Ship Non-fiction R Plot - The Vanishing Rainforest (with film/dvd- Ferngully) S Schimmel - Dear Children of Earth	<u>Poetry</u> The Works - Environmental Poems Debate poetry The Blind Men/ Elephant Words		
English Real and Purposeful Outcomes		Maths Outcomes	Science Outcomes
Write stories of adventure, based in rainforest settings, e.g. Jungle Book - visual li Include mystery and suspense - What's the dilemma/ focus? What's a cliffhanger e Persuasive writing and debate, e.g. re. ethical issues - deforestation, living in povert charity, Fairtrade goods Use formal language within writing, and then when preparing and presenting a debat roles, e.g. speaker, note-taker, leader Write reports and information texts in different formats. Start with review of non and then let children direct how to present information - other formats inc article, Learn a significant poem by heart and perform to an audience Write in the form of haiku and cinquain Include imaginary in poetry - inc simile, word play, rhyme and metaphor	nding? Engaging the reader. y, aid from other countries/ e orally, e.g. as a year group; take on -chronological reports and fact files	Plot different line graphs of temperature, rainfall etc Find area and perimeter of the rainforest/compare to different rectilinear shapes eg football pitches Sort, record and organise types of animal in the rainforest using Carroll and Venn diagrams Use graphs to show reduction of rainforest over a set period of time using data handling and statistics skills Plot line graphs showing how the area of the rainforest has decreased over different time periods	Living things and their habitats Observe and sketch insect and amphibian lifecycles for comparison (observing over time) Research and sketch mammalian and bird life cycles for comparison (analysing secondary sources) Compare the lifecycles of mammals, amphibians, insects and birds (pattern seeking/sorting and classifying) Research reproduction in plants and animals (analysing secondary sources/pattern seeking/classif)

	Relationship to Foundation Subjects	Create computer animations that explain plant reproduction (analysing secondary sources) Create computer animations that explain animal reproduction (analysing secondary sources) Animals including habitats Create a human timeline (observing over time/analysing secondary sources) Create a human growth quiz (analysing secondary sources/pattern seeking) Research and create an infographic on baby growth (observing over time/analysing secondary sources) Compare 'red books' and predict growth patterns (pattern seeking/observing over time) Create gestation period graphs for a range of animals (analysing secondary sources) Explain gestation through graphic novel style (analysing secondary sources)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Art and Design Skills	Design and Technology Skills	Computing
To develop ideas • Develop and imaginatively extend ideas from	To design, make, evaluate and improve	To connect

starting points throughout the curriculum.

- · Collect information, sketches and resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketch book.
- \cdot Use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas.
- · Spot the potential in unexpected results as work progresses.
- \cdot Comment on artworks with a fluent grasp of visual language.

To take inspiration from the greats (classic and modern)

- Give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers.
- · Show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other artists.
- · Create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles.

To master techniques in

painting

- · Sketch (lightly) before painting to combine line and colour.
- · Create a colour palette based upon colours
- observed in the natural or built world. · Use the qualities of watercolour and acrylic
- paints to create visually interesting pieces.
- Combine colours, tones and tints to enhance

the mood of a piece.

- · Use brush techniques and the qualities of paint to create texture
- \cdot Develop a personal style of painting/drawing upon ideas of other artists

collage

- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Select and arrange materials for a striking effect.
- · Ensure work is precise

- · Design with the user in mind, motivated by the service a product will offer (rather than simply for profit).
- · Make products through stages of prototypes, making continual refinements.
- Ensure products have a high quality finish, using art skills where appropriate.
- · Use prototypes, cross-sectional diagrams and computer aided designs to represent designs.

To take inspiration from design throughout history

- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Combine elements of design from a range of inspirational designers throughout history, giving reasons for choices.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Create innovative designs that improve upon existing products.
- · Evaluate the design of products so as to suggest improvements to the user experience.

To master practical skills in

Food

- Understand the importance of correct storage and handling of ingredients (using knowledge of micro-organisms).
- · Measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or down from a recipe.
- · Demonstrate a range of baking and cooking techniques.
- · Create and refine recipes, including ingredients, methods, cooking times and temperatures.

- · Collaborate with others online on sites approved and moderated by teachers.
- · Give examples of the risks of online communities and demonstrate knowledge of how to minimise risk and report problems.
- · Understand and demonstrate knowledge that it is illegal to download copyrighted material, including music or games, without express written permission, from the copyright holder.
- · Understand the effect of online comments and show responsibility and sensitivity when online.
- · Understand how simple networks are set up and used.

To communicate

- · Choose the most suitable applications and devices for the purposes of communication.
- · Use many of the advanced features in order to create high quality, professional or efficient communications.

To collect

• Select appropriate applications to devise, construct and manipulate data and present it in an effective and professional manner.

To code (link to print)

- \cdot Set IF conditions for movements. Specify types of rotation giving the number of degrees.
- · Change the position of objects between screen layers (send to back, bring to front).

Use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic	· Upload sounds from a file and edit them. Add effects such as fade in
and montage.	and out and control their implementation. • Combine the use of pens with movement to create interesting effects.
	• Set events to control other events by 'broadcasting' information as a
print (Batik)	trigger.
Build up layers of colour Create an accurate pattern showing fine detail	 Use IF THEN ELSE conditions to control events or objects. Use a range of sensing tools (including proximity, user inputs, loudness
Use a range of visual elements to reflect the purpose of the work	and mouse position) to control events or actions.
g	· Use lists to create a set of variables.
Textiles	· Use the Boolean operators
Show precision in techniques.	0 < 0
· Choose from a range of stitching techniques.	() = ()
Combine previously learned techniques to create pieces.	() > ()
combine previously learned recriminates to create pieces.	
	()and()
	()or()
	Not()
	to define conditions.
	· Use the Reporter operators
	() + ()
	0-0
	0*0

		0/0
		to perform calculations.
		Pick Random () to ()
		Join () ()
		Letter () of ()
		Length of ()
		() Mod () This reports the remainder
		after a division calculation
		Round ()
		() of ().
Art and Design Outcomes	Design and Technology Outcomes	Computing Outcomes
Shoe box rainforest (using painting, printing sklls etc) Mother's day present using Batik printing	Rainforest recipes – research and then make The perfect chocolate product	We are game developers
Rainforest café - present present to parents at café	The perfect chocolate product	To code (Create a game using sound and artwork)
Fairtrade Foods morning with staff from Sainsbury's		Swift
		We are cryptographers
		To code (encrypt and decrypt information)
		Visit to Bletchley Park (Enigma, on-site encryption activities, computer museum)

Geography Skills	History Skills	Music Skills	P.E Skills
To investigate places	To investigate and interpret the past	<u>To perform</u>	Spring 1 - Gymnastics
			To develop practical skills in
· Collect and analyse statistics and other information in order to draw clear	• Use sources of evidence to deduce information about the past.	 Sing or play from memory with 	order to participate, compete
conclusions about locations.		confidence.	and lead a healthy lifestyle · Create complex and well-
	• Select suitable sources of evidence, giving reasons for choices.		executed sequences that
• Identify and describe how the physical features affect the human activity		 Perform solos or as part of an 	include a full range
within a location.	• Use sources of information to form testable hypotheses about the past.	ensemble.	of movements including:
	- Ose sources of information to form restable hypotheses about the past.		· travelling
Use a range of geographical resources to give detailed descriptions and		 Sing or play expressively and in 	· balances
opinions of the characteristic features of a location.	 Seek out and analyse a wide range of evidence in order to justify claims about the past. 	tune.	• swinging
	about the past.		• springing
· Use different types of fieldwork sampling (random and systematic) to		· Hold a part within a round.	flightvaults
observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local	• Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda and how historians must	riora a par i wiriiii a roana.	vaultsinversions
area. Record the results in a range of ways.	understand the social context of evidence studied.	Cina a harmana and and Cidantha and	· rotations
		 Sing a harmony part confidently and accurately. 	 bending, stretching and
Analyse and give views on the effectiveness of different geographical	 Understand that no single source of evidence gives the full answer to 	uccuratery.	twisting
representations of a location (such as aerial images compared with maps and	questions about the past.		• gestures
topological maps - as in London's Tube map).		Sustain a drone or a melodic	· linking skills.
	· Refine lines of enquiry as appropriate.	ostinato to accompany singing.	 Hold shapes that are strong,
· Name and locate some of the countries and cities of the world and their			fluent and expressive.
identifying human and physical characteristics, including hills, mountains,		Perform with controlled breathing	· Include in a sequence set
rivers, key topographical features and land-use patterns; and understand		(voice) and skillful playing	pieces, choosing the most appropriate linking elements.
how some of these aspects have changed over time.	To build an overview of world history	(instrument).	Vary speed, direction, level
			and body rotation during floor
· Name and locate the countries of North and South America and identify	· Identify continuity and change in the history of the locality of the school.		performances.
their main physical and human characteristics.		To describe morale	· Practise and refine the
	· Give a broad overview of life in Britain from medieval until the Tudor and	To describe music	gymnastic techniques used in
	Stuarts times.		performances (listed above).
		· Choose from a wide range of musical	 Demonstrate good kinesthetic
To communicate geographically	· Compare some of the times studied with those of the other areas of interest	vocabulary to accurately describe	awareness (placement and
	around the world.	and appraise music including:	alignment of body parts
· Describe and understand key aspects of:			is usually good in well-rehearsed actions).
See the and and ordina hoy deposits of			 Use equipment to vault and to
			4 E

- physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes and the water cycle.
- human geography, including: settlements, land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals, and water supplies.
- Use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and a key (that uses standard Ordnance Survey symbols) to communicate knowledge of the United Kingdom and the world.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Create maps of locations identifying patterns (such as: land use, climate zones, population densities, height of land).

To investigate patterns

- Identify and describe the geographical significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, and time zones (including day and night).
- Understand some of the reasons for geographical similarities and differences between countries.
- Describe how locations around the world are changing and explain some of the reasons for change.
- · Describe geographical diversity across the world.
- \bullet Describe how countries and geographical regions are interconnected and interdependent.

- Describe the social, ethnic, cultural or religious diversity of past society.
- Describe the characteristic features of the past, including ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of men, women and children.

To understand chronology

Describe the main changes in a period of history (using terms such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural).

- \cdot Identify periods of rapid change in history and contrast them with times of relatively little change.
- Understand the concepts of continuity and change over time, representing them, along with evidence, on a time line.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Use dates and terms accurately in describing events.

To communicate historically

- $\hbox{$\, \cdot \,$ Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including:}$
- · dates
- · time period
- era
- chronology

- pitch
- dynamics
- tempo
- timbre
- · texture
- · lyrics and melody
- · sense of occasion
- · expressive
- · solo
- roundsharmonies
- · accompaniments
- · drones
- · cyclic patterns
- · combination of musical elements
- · cultural context.

swing (remaining upright).

Spring 2 – Outdoor and Adventurous activities

To develop practical skills in order to participate, compete and lead a healthy lifestyle

- Select appropriate equipment for outdoor and adventurous activity.
- Identify possible risks and ways to manage them, asking for and listening carefully
- to expert advice.
 Embrace both leadership and team roles and gain the commitment and respect of a team.
- Empathise with others and offer support without being asked. Seek support from the team and the experts if in any doubt.
- Remain positive even in the most challenging circumstances,
- rallying others if need be.

 Use a range of devices in
- order to orientate themselves.
 Quickly assess changing conditions and adapt plans to ensure safety comes first.

Drumming music. Iike the Amazonians. Interpretative gymnastics, for		 continuity change century decade legacy. Use literacy, numeracy and computing skills to a exceptional standard in order to communicate information about the past. Use original ways to present information and ideas. 	Describe how lyrics often reflect the cultural context of music and have social meaning.	
Compare and contrast areas Analysis of lyrics and adventure - making shelters like the Amazonians. Drumming music. Interpretative gymnastics, for example gymnastic movements	Geography Outcomes	History Outcomes	Music Outcomes	P.E Outcomes
		Timeline about the history of deforestation	Analysis of lyrics	and adventure - making shelters like the Amazonians. Interpretative gymnastics, for example gymnastic movements

RE Skills	Language Skills
Understand beliefs and teachings	To read fluently

· Explain how some teachings and beliefs are shared between religions. · Read and understand the main points and some of the detail in short • Explain how religious beliefs shape the lives of individuals and communities. \cdot Use the context of a sentence or a translation dictionary to work out To understand practices and lifestyles the meaning of unfamiliar words. \cdot Explain the practices and lifestyles involved in belonging to a faith community. $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Read and understand the main points and opinions in written texts from · Compare and contrast the lifestyles of different faith groups and give reasons why some within the same faith may adopt different lifestyles. various contexts, including present, past or future events. · Show an understanding of the role of a spiritual leader. · Show confidence in reading aloud, and in using reference materials. To understand how beliefs are conveyed To write imaginatively • Explain some of the different ways that individuals show their beliefs. · Write short texts on familiar topics. To reflect • Use knowledge of grammar (or pitch in Mandarin) to enhance or change the meaning of phrases. • Recognise and express feelings about their own identities. Relate these to religious beliefs or teachings. $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Use dictionaries or glossaries to check words. $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Explain their own ideas about the answers to ultimate questions. · Refer to recent experiences or future plans, as well as to everyday To understand values activities. \cdot Explain why different religious communities or individuals may have a different view of what is right and wrong. • Include imaginative and adventurous word choices. · Show an awareness of morals and right and wrong beyond rules (i.e. wanting to act in a certain way despite rules). $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Convey meaning (although there may be some mistakes, the meaning can $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Express their own values and remain respectful of those with different values. be understood with little or no difficulty). · Use dictionaries or glossaries to check words. To speak confidently · Understand the main points and opinions in spoken passages. · Give a short prepared talk that includes opinions. $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Take part in conversations to seek and give information. · Refer to recent experiences or future plans, everyday activities and \cdot Vary language and produce extended responses. $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Be understood with little or no difficulty. To understand the culture of the countries in which the language is <u>spoken</u> \cdot Give detailed accounts of the customs, history and culture of the countries and communities where the language is spoken. · Describe, with interesting detail, some similarities and differences

RE Outcomes

People of God unit 2b.3 Core learning - Comic strip of Moses' life, persuasive writing to encourage support for Christian charities, write ten lessons for living.

Islam -Being Silent and Attentive to, and Cultivating a Sense for, the Sacred and Transcendence -How does Islam teach you to listen and see what's

between countries and communities where the language is spoken and this

Language Outcomes

country.

Rainforest animals in Italian

Youtube Italian version of Jungle Book

important? - Summary of Qur;'an (7:204), Litening charter for the class.	
Salvation unit 2b.6 (Y5) Core learning- Create a school/local community/world charter explaining the idea of sacrifice os good and necessary for making the world a better place. Various religions -Participating and Willing to Lead - How do believers of other faiths (RT) participate in the world? - Ghandi, Malcolm X Baha'u'llah - Reports summarising the work of significant figures and how they influence the nature of society.	